

Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023 ¹
Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ⁴ | | | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---|---|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | | With Tax Increase | | | | | Change (%) Points) | Under the Proposal |
| | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Change (\$) | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Change (\$) | | | | | |
| Lowest Quintile | 6.0 | -320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.1 | 63.1 | -20 | -0.1 | 3.6 |
| Second Quintile | 3.5 | -320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30.8 | -10 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.6 | -320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | * | 0.0 | 14.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | -320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 18.0 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 25.5 |
| All | 2.5 | -320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -10 | 0.0 | 20.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 25.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2

Proposal: 0.2

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$29,800; 40% \$58,000; 60% \$104,600; 80% \$192,700; 90% \$281,000; 95% \$409,600; 99% \$978,900; 99.9% \$4,344,100.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023 ¹
Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 63.1 | -20 | -2.8 | 0.0 | 0.7 | -0.1 | 3.6 |
| Second Quintile | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 30.8 | -10 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.9 | 0.0 | 14.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.3 | 0.0 | 18.0 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 67.5 | 0.0 | 25.5 |
| All | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 20.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.7 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 25.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.1 | 0.0 | 30.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 31.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 48,170 | 26.2 | 18,150 | 4.0 | 680 | 0.7 | 17,470 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| Second Quintile | 40,300 | 21.9 | 43,870 | 8.1 | 3,650 | 3.3 | 40,230 | 9.3 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 37,910 | 20.6 | 81,510 | 14.1 | 11,580 | 9.9 | 69,930 | 15.2 | 14.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 30,590 | 16.6 | 146,280 | 20.4 | 26,360 | 18.3 | 119,920 | 21.0 | 18.0 |
| Top Quintile | 25,280 | 13.7 | 462,470 | 53.3 | 117,900 | 67.5 | 344,570 | 49.8 | 25.5 |
| All | 183,980 | 100.0 | 119,110 | 100.0 | 24,010 | 100.0 | 95,090 | 100.0 | 20.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 12,930 | 7.0 | 237,960 | 14.0 | 50,050 | 14.7 | 187,910 | 13.9 | 21.0 |
| 90-95 | 6,330 | 3.4 | 342,940 | 9.9 | 78,830 | 11.3 | 264,100 | 9.6 | 23.0 |
| 95-99 | 4,840 | 2.6 | 590,870 | 13.1 | 150,040 | 16.4 | 440,830 | 12.2 | 25.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,170 | 0.6 | 3,050,660 | 16.3 | 943,540 | 25.1 | 2,107,120 | 14.1 | 30.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 120 | 0.1 | 14,650,660 | 8.1 | 4,611,450 | 12.6 | 10,039,210 | 6.9 | 31.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2

Proposal: 0.2

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$29,800; 40% \$58,000; 60% \$104,600; 80% \$192,700; 90% \$281,000; 95% \$409,600; 99% \$978,900; 99.9% \$4,344,100.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 9.4 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 83.5 | -30 | -40.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.3 |
| Second Quintile | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.0 | -10 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 7.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.9 | 0.0 | 12.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 0.0 | 17.6 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 71.8 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| All | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 20.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.7 | 0.0 | 20.9 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.2 | 0.0 | 22.7 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 25.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.2 | 0.0 | 30.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 31.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 39,830 | 21.7 | 17,280 | 3.1 | 80 | 0.1 | 17,210 | 3.9 | 0.4 |
| Second Quintile | 38,560 | 21.0 | 39,320 | 6.9 | 2,870 | 2.5 | 36,450 | 8.0 | 7.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 37,470 | 20.4 | 72,720 | 12.4 | 9,340 | 7.9 | 63,390 | 13.6 | 12.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 34,430 | 18.7 | 127,190 | 20.0 | 22,330 | 17.4 | 104,860 | 20.6 | 17.6 |
| Top Quintile | 31,970 | 17.4 | 393,800 | 57.4 | 99,260 | 71.8 | 294,540 | 53.8 | 25.2 |
| All | 183,980 | 100.0 | 119,110 | 100.0 | 24,010 | 100.0 | 95,090 | 100.0 | 20.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 16,300 | 8.9 | 203,580 | 15.1 | 42,520 | 15.7 | 161,060 | 15.0 | 20.9 |
| 90-95 | 8,030 | 4.4 | 295,070 | 10.8 | 67,080 | 12.2 | 228,000 | 10.5 | 22.7 |
| 95-99 | 6,190 | 3.4 | 506,900 | 14.3 | 126,670 | 17.7 | 380,230 | 13.4 | 25.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,460 | 0.8 | 2,588,810 | 17.2 | 795,940 | 26.2 | 1,792,870 | 14.9 | 30.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 150 | 0.1 | 12,718,640 | 8.4 | 4,004,030 | 13.1 | 8,714,600 | 7.2 | 31.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2 Proposal: 0.2
* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data
(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.
<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$21,000; 40% \$40,500; 60% \$70,200; 80% \$118,300; 90% \$172,800; 95% \$245,400; 99% \$569,600; 99.9% \$2,515,200.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.
(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 93.5 | -10 | -1.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 | -0.1 | 4.6 |
| Second Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.2 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 9.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.2 | 0.0 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.5 | 0.0 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 57.2 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| All | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 19.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.3 | 0.0 | 22.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.4 | 0.0 | 23.4 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0.0 | 25.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 32.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 33.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 25,940 | 27.7 | 14,020 | 5.9 | 650 | 1.4 | 13,370 | 6.9 | 4.6 |
| Second Quintile | 21,890 | 23.4 | 31,460 | 11.2 | 2,920 | 5.5 | 28,540 | 12.5 | 9.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 19,660 | 21.0 | 56,280 | 17.9 | 7,840 | 13.2 | 48,440 | 19.0 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,040 | 16.1 | 93,350 | 22.7 | 17,490 | 22.5 | 75,860 | 22.8 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 10,150 | 10.8 | 256,210 | 42.1 | 65,990 | 57.2 | 190,220 | 38.6 | 25.8 |
| All | 93,680 | 100.0 | 65,950 | 100.0 | 12,500 | 100.0 | 53,440 | 100.0 | 19.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 5,540 | 5.9 | 146,070 | 13.1 | 32,330 | 15.3 | 113,740 | 12.6 | 22.1 |
| 90-95 | 2,460 | 2.6 | 211,790 | 8.4 | 49,650 | 10.4 | 162,130 | 8.0 | 23.4 |
| 95-99 | 1,770 | 1.9 | 354,110 | 10.2 | 90,800 | 13.8 | 263,300 | 9.3 | 25.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 380 | 0.4 | 1,707,850 | 10.4 | 551,850 | 17.7 | 1,156,000 | 8.7 | 32.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 40 | 0.0 | 8,664,960 | 4.9 | 2,883,500 | 8.6 | 5,781,450 | 4.1 | 33.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

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(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 8.7 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 71.7 | -30 | -10.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.2 | -10 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 6.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 0.0 | 11.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.6 | 0.0 | 16.7 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 79.5 | 0.0 | 25.0 |
| All | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 21.4 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.2 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.4 | 0.0 | 22.5 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.4 | 0.0 | 24.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 29.5 | 0.0 | 30.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.1 | 0.0 | 31.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,880 | 10.6 | 22,990 | 1.2 | 290 | 0.1 | 22,700 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Second Quintile | 8,910 | 13.7 | 51,200 | 3.3 | 3,070 | 0.9 | 48,130 | 4.0 | 6.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 12,210 | 18.9 | 95,230 | 8.5 | 11,130 | 4.6 | 84,100 | 9.6 | 11.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 16,090 | 24.8 | 158,940 | 18.7 | 26,580 | 14.6 | 132,360 | 19.9 | 16.7 |
| Top Quintile | 20,150 | 31.1 | 462,520 | 68.2 | 115,460 | 79.5 | 347,070 | 65.2 | 25.0 |
| All | 64,810 | 100.0 | 210,720 | 100.0 | 45,160 | 100.0 | 165,560 | 100.0 | 21.4 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 9,800 | 15.1 | 237,610 | 17.1 | 48,370 | 16.2 | 189,250 | 17.3 | 20.4 |
| 90-95 | 5,160 | 8.0 | 338,010 | 12.8 | 76,050 | 13.4 | 261,950 | 12.6 | 22.5 |
| 95-99 | 4,180 | 6.5 | 575,740 | 17.6 | 142,630 | 20.4 | 433,110 | 16.9 | 24.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,010 | 1.6 | 2,819,840 | 20.8 | 857,610 | 29.5 | 1,962,230 | 18.4 | 30.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 100 | 0.2 | 13,410,120 | 9.7 | 4,179,070 | 14.1 | 9,231,060 | 8.5 | 31.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

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(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$21,000; 40% \$40,500; 60% \$70,200; 80% \$118,300; 90% \$172,800; 95% \$245,400; 99% \$569,600; 99.9% \$2,515,200.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 35.6 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 84.4 | -120 | 4.8 | -0.4 | -8.0 | -0.5 | -10.6 |
| Second Quintile | 5.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.6 | -20 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 0.0 | 4.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | * | 0.0 | 0.1 | 23.9 | 0.0 | 12.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | * | 0.0 | 0.1 | 29.2 | 0.0 | 18.6 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 47.3 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| All | 12.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -40 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 13.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 13.6 | 0.0 | 21.8 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 0.0 | 22.3 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.9 | 0.0 | 26.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 19.6 | 0.0 | 31.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 13.9 | 0.0 | 31.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,710 | 30.2 | 24,120 | 9.8 | -2,430 | -7.6 | 26,550 | 12.4 | -10.1 |
| Second Quintile | 7,090 | 31.9 | 48,890 | 21.0 | 2,270 | 7.5 | 46,620 | 23.1 | 4.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,810 | 21.6 | 84,520 | 24.7 | 10,700 | 23.8 | 73,820 | 24.8 | 12.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,520 | 11.3 | 134,820 | 20.6 | 25,000 | 29.1 | 109,820 | 19.3 | 18.6 |
| Top Quintile | 1,060 | 4.8 | 372,350 | 23.9 | 96,230 | 47.1 | 276,120 | 20.4 | 25.8 |
| All | 22,250 | 100.0 | 74,110 | 100.0 | 9,710 | 100.0 | 64,400 | 100.0 | 13.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 660 | 3.0 | 204,390 | 8.2 | 44,500 | 13.5 | 159,890 | 7.3 | 21.8 |
| 90-95 | 250 | 1.1 | 275,000 | 4.2 | 61,380 | 7.2 | 213,620 | 3.8 | 22.3 |
| 95-99 | 120 | 0.5 | 489,420 | 3.4 | 129,690 | 6.9 | 359,730 | 2.9 | 26.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 30 | 0.1 | 4,171,490 | 8.1 | 1,314,100 | 19.5 | 2,857,380 | 6.4 | 31.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | * | 0.0 | 31,281,850 | 5.7 | 9,965,580 | 13.8 | 21,316,270 | 4.5 | 31.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$21,000; 40% \$40,500; 60% \$70,200; 80% \$118,300; 90% \$172,800; 95% \$245,400; 99% \$569,600; 99.9% \$2,515,200.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 34.7 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 83.5 | -110 | 5.4 | -0.1 | -1.3 | -0.5 | -8.9 |
| Second Quintile | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.0 | -20 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 5.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 13.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 18.8 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 73.8 | 0.0 | 26.3 |
| All | 8.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -30 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 20.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 22.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 23.8 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.4 | 0.0 | 26.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 27.7 | 0.0 | 31.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.4 | 0.0 | 31.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 10,810 | 21.1 | 24,950 | 3.1 | -2,110 | -1.3 | 27,060 | 4.3 | -8.5 |
| Second Quintile | 10,930 | 21.4 | 53,030 | 6.7 | 3,010 | 1.8 | 50,020 | 8.0 | 5.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 9,950 | 19.5 | 100,250 | 11.6 | 13,640 | 7.5 | 86,610 | 12.7 | 13.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 9,770 | 19.1 | 175,980 | 20.0 | 33,120 | 17.9 | 142,860 | 20.5 | 18.8 |
| Top Quintile | 9,410 | 18.4 | 537,670 | 58.7 | 141,500 | 73.8 | 396,170 | 54.7 | 26.3 |
| All | 51,140 | 100.0 | 168,530 | 100.0 | 35,290 | 100.0 | 133,240 | 100.0 | 20.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 4,750 | 9.3 | 270,740 | 14.9 | 59,780 | 15.7 | 210,960 | 14.7 | 22.1 |
| 90-95 | 2,310 | 4.5 | 391,180 | 10.5 | 93,120 | 11.9 | 298,070 | 10.1 | 23.8 |
| 95-99 | 1,870 | 3.7 | 673,270 | 14.6 | 177,510 | 18.4 | 495,760 | 13.6 | 26.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 480 | 0.9 | 3,377,260 | 18.7 | 1,049,580 | 27.7 | 2,327,690 | 16.3 | 31.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 50 | 0.1 | 16,759,910 | 8.9 | 5,244,440 | 13.3 | 11,515,470 | 7.8 | 31.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$21,000; 40% \$40,500; 60% \$70,200; 80% \$118,300; 90% \$172,800; 95% \$245,400; 99% \$569,600; 99.9% \$2,515,200.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T23-0092
Repeal CTC Earned Income Threshold
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹
Detail Table - Older Adults

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent ⁶ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 43.2 | * | -1.4 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Second Quintile | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 51.1 | * | -0.2 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 3.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 0.0 | 6.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.7 | 0.0 | 11.7 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 77.4 | 0.0 | 23.2 |
| All | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 16.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 16.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.9 | 0.0 | 18.6 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.2 | 0.0 | 22.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.2 | 0.0 | 30.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.4 | 0.0 | 31.6 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁷ |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 9,300 | 19.0 | 16,950 | 3.1 | 200 | 0.2 | 16,750 | 3.7 | 1.2 |
| Second Quintile | 12,460 | 25.5 | 36,240 | 9.0 | 1,120 | 1.7 | 35,130 | 10.3 | 3.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 11,200 | 22.9 | 67,090 | 14.9 | 4,590 | 6.3 | 62,500 | 16.5 | 6.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 8,290 | 16.9 | 115,170 | 18.9 | 13,500 | 13.7 | 101,670 | 19.9 | 11.7 |
| Top Quintile | 6,980 | 14.3 | 389,600 | 53.9 | 90,200 | 77.4 | 299,400 | 49.4 | 23.2 |
| All | 48,940 | 100.0 | 103,090 | 100.0 | 16,630 | 100.0 | 86,460 | 100.0 | 16.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 3,610 | 7.4 | 182,790 | 13.1 | 29,420 | 13.1 | 153,380 | 13.1 | 16.1 |
| 90-95 | 1,620 | 3.3 | 266,000 | 8.6 | 49,420 | 9.9 | 216,570 | 8.3 | 18.6 |
| 95-99 | 1,370 | 2.8 | 462,200 | 12.6 | 102,190 | 17.2 | 360,010 | 11.7 | 22.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 370 | 0.8 | 2,668,830 | 19.7 | 813,900 | 37.2 | 1,854,930 | 16.3 | 30.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 50 | 0.1 | 11,766,560 | 11.0 | 3,714,610 | 21.4 | 8,051,940 | 8.9 | 31.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0323-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units in which either the primary individual (or secondary individual in a married couple) is age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of June 19, 2023. Under current law, the Child Tax Credit (CTC) is refundable up to 15 percent of earnings in excess of \$2,500. Proposal would repeal the threshold so that the credit amount would be refundable beginning with the first dollar of earnings.

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm>

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2023 dollars): 20% \$21,000; 40% \$40,500; 60% \$70,200; 80% \$118,300; 90% \$172,800; 95% \$245,400; 99% \$569,600; 99.9% \$2,515,200.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(7) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.