Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Summary Table

Cash Income Level	Percent of 1	Γax Units ³	Percent	Share of	Average	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Change in After-Tax Income ⁴	Total Federal Tax Change	Federal Tax Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Less than 10	27.9	*	2.5	0.3	-139	-2.4	2.3	
10-20	55.3	0.1	2.3	0.9	-337	-2.2	1.7	
20-30	83.6	0.1	3.6	1.6	-833	-3.3	6.4	
30-40	93.9	0.2	4.1	2.1	-1,274	-3.6	10.4	
40-50	96.4	0.2	4.4	2.2	-1,686	-3.7	12.7	
50-75	98.8	0.1	5.8	6.5	-2,977	-4.7	14.4	
75-100	99.6	*	7.0	6.9	-4,914	-5.5	16.0	
100-200	99.8	*	9.7	20.5	-10,236	-7.3	17.3	
200-500	99.9	*	13.8	17.1	-29,237	-10.0	17.4	
500-1,000	100.0	0.0	19.4	9.6	-94,880	-13.6	16.0	
More than 1,000	100.0	0.0	33.0	32.3	-629,326	-20.8	16.3	
All	80.0	0.1	11.3	100.0	-6,267	-8.7	15.0	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2). Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 21.0 Proposal

* Less than 0.05

01/01/13.

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date:

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

TPC estimates are based on Governor Pawlenty's description of his tax proposal and subsequent remarks to the New York Times by his spokesperson Alex Conant. Because Governor Pawlenty did not specify which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate, we provide an illustrative option that broadens the corporate tax base by eliminating the tax expenditures included in the Bipartisan Policy Center's Rivlin-Domenici plan. Based on remarks by the Governor and Alex Conant, we did not eliminate any individual income tax expenditures. If Governor Pawlenty or his campaign staff provide the Tax Policy Center with additional details on his proposal we will re-estimate his plan.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Detail Table

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	27.9	*	2.5	0.3	-139	-51.0	-0.1	0.2	-2.4	2.3
10-20	55.3	0.1	2.3	0.9	-337	-57.3	-0.2	0.4	-2.2	1.7
20-30	83.6	0.1	3.6	1.6	-833	-33.8	0.1	1.9	-3.3	6.4
30-40	93.9	0.2	4.1	2.1	-1,274	-25.6	0.5	3.5	-3.6	10.4
40-50	96.4	0.2	4.4	2.2	-1,686	-22.3	0.8	4.4	-3.7	12.7
50-75	98.8	0.1	5.8	6.5	-2,977	-24.7	1.8	11.5	-4.7	14.4
75-100	99.6	*	7.0	6.9	-4,914	-25.7	1.7	11.6	-5.5	16.0
100-200	99.8	*	9.7	20.5	-10,236	-29.7	2.8	28.1	-7.3	17.3
200-500	99.9	*	13.8	17.1	-29,237	-36.4	0.1	17.3	-10.0	17.4
500-1,000	100.0	0.0	19.4	9.6	-94,880	-45.9	-1.1	6.5	-13.6	16.0
More than 1,000	100.0	0.0	33.0	32.3	-629,326	-56.0	-6.5	14.7	-20.8	16.3
All	80.0	0.1	11.3	100.0	-6,267	-36.7	0.0	100.0	-8.7	15.0

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011	Tax U	nits ³	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax Income		ax Burden	After-Tax	x Income ⁴	Average Federal Tax
dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	21,065	12.7	5,766	1.0	272	0.2	5,493	1.3	4.7
10-20	27,359	16.5	15,205	3.5	589	0.6	14,616	4.4	3.9
20-30	20,377	12.3	25,480	4.3	2,466	1.8	23,015	5.1	9.7
30-40	16,959	10.2	35,896	5.1	4,988	3.0	30,908	5.7	13.9
40-50	13,305	8.0	46,141	5.1	7,566	3.5	38,575	5.6	16.4
50-75	22,765	13.7	63,142	11.9	12,061	9.7	51,081	12.7	19.1
75-100	14,636	8.8	89,268	10.9	19,150	9.9	70,119	11.2	21.5
100-200	20,881	12.6	139,817	24.3	34,450	25.3	105,367	23.9	24.6
200-500	6,084	3.7	292,655	14.8	80,280	17.2	212,376	14.1	27.4
500-1,000	1,051	0.6	696,116	6.1	206,532	7.6	489,584	5.6	29.7
More than 1,000	534	0.3	3,032,367	13.5	1,123,826	21.1	1,908,541	11.1	37.1
All	166,272	100.0	72,381	100.0	17,092	100.0	55,290	100.0	23.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 21.0 Proposal: 0.0

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

 $\underline{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm}$

- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	21.7	0.1	1.7	0.7	-92	-22.9	0.2	1.1	-1.6	5.5
10-20	50.6	0.1	1.2	1.4	-175	-17.6	0.7	3.4	-1.2	5.4
20-30	80.6	0.2	2.5	2.9	-556	-17.4	1.4	7.0	-2.2	10.4
30-40	95.2	0.3	3.7	4.3	-1,104	-19.2	1.6	9.2	-3.1	13.0
40-50	98.6	0.1	4.7	4.4	-1,723	-18.8	1.7	9.6	-3.8	16.2
50-75	99.1	*	7.8	13.9	-3,739	-26.4	1.9	19.5	-6.0	16.7
75-100	99.3	0.0	9.9	9.9	-6,465	-28.4	0.9	12.6	-7.3	18.5
100-200	99.5	0.1	11.4	16.4	-11,372	-30.5	0.8	18.8	-8.3	18.9
200-500	99.8	0.1	20.1	14.3	-41,890	-46.3	-2.0	8.3	-14.0	16.2
500-1,000	99.8	0.0	29.6	7.6	-135,326	-56.6	-1.6	2.9	-19.4	14.9
More than 1,000	100.0	0.0	43.8	23.9	-756,442	-61.7	-5.5	7.5	-25.6	15.9
All	67.7	0.1	9.5	100.0	-2,889	-33.5	0.0	100.0	-7.4	14.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits ³	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax Income		ax Burden	After-Tax	Average - Federal Tax	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	16,722	20.7	5,678	3.0	402	1.0	5,276	3.6	7.1
10-20	19,121	23.7	15,084	9.2	993	2.7	14,090	11.0	6.6
20-30	12,334	15.3	25,339	9.9	3,188	5.7	22,151	11.2	12.6
30-40	9,158	11.4	35,802	10.4	5,751	7.6	30,051	11.2	16.1
40-50	5,981	7.4	45,980	8.7	9,164	7.9	36,816	9.0	19.9
50-75	8,668	10.8	62,437	17.2	14,174	17.6	48,263	17.1	22.7
75-100	3,570	4.4	88,424	10.0	22,778	11.7	65,646	9.6	25.8
100-200	3,358	4.2	136,678	14.6	37,252	18.0	99,426	13.6	27.3
200-500	794	1.0	298,894	7.5	90,423	10.3	208,471	6.8	30.3
500-1,000	131	0.2	696,170	2.9	239,164	4.5	457,007	2.5	34.4
More than 1,000	74	0.1	2,952,272	6.9	1,226,221	13.0	1,726,051	5.2	41.5
All	80,622	100.0	39,043	100.0	8,637	100.0	30,407	100.0	22.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁵⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total Federal Tax	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	41.8	0.0	5.5	0.1	-272	-177.4	0.0	0.0	-5.3	-2.3
10-20	60.5	0.1	4.2	0.2	-654	-304.7	-0.1	-0.1	-4.1	-2.8
20-30	79.1	0.1	5.8	0.6	-1,388	-90.1	-0.2	0.0	-5.4	0.6
30-40	87.3	*	4.8	0.8	-1,551	-42.8	-0.1	0.6	-4.3	5.7
40-50	92.2	0.3	3.8	0.9	-1,542	-28.9	0.2	1.4	-3.3	8.2
50-75	98.5	0.2	4.3	3.3	-2,316	-23.0	1.3	6.7	-3.6	12.1
75-100	99.8	*	6.0	5.6	-4,314	-24.5	1.9	10.5	-4.8	14.8
100-200	99.9	*	9.5	23.0	-10,195	-30.1	3.7	32.6	-7.2	16.8
200-500	99.9	*	12.8	19.0	-27,306	-34.7	1.1	21.9	-9.4	17.6
500-1,000	100.0	*	18.0	10.8	-88,955	-44.1	-0.9	8.3	-12.8	16.2
More than 1,000	100.0	*	31.2	35.8	-594,358	-54.9	-6.8	18.0	-19.9	16.4
All	93.9	0.1	12.7	100.0	-12,644	-37.9	0.0	100.0	-9.5	15.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits ³	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax Income		ax Burden	After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	1,291	2.2	5,093	0.1	153	0.0	4,940	0.1	3.0
10-20	2,559	4.4	15,850	0.5	215	0.0	15,635	0.7	1.4
20-30	2,875	5.0	25,634	1.0	1,541	0.2	24,093	1.2	6.0
30-40	3,624	6.3	36,207	1.7	3,625	0.7	32,582	2.1	10.0
40-50	4,468	7.7	46,489	2.7	5,342	1.2	41,148	3.2	11.5
50-75	10,281	17.8	63,998	8.6	10,088	5.4	53,910	9.6	15.8
75-100	9,429	16.3	89,794	11.0	17,579	8.6	72,215	11.9	19.6
100-200	16,457	28.5	140,888	30.2	33,901	28.9	106,986	30.6	24.1
200-500	5,091	8.8	291,809	19.4	78,741	20.8	213,068	18.9	27.0
500-1,000	885	1.5	696,396	8.0	201,726	9.3	494,671	7.6	29.0
More than 1,000	440	0.8	2,988,320	17.1	1,083,485	24.7	1,904,836	14.6	36.3
All	57,802	100.0	132,789	100.0	33,360	100.0	99,430	100.0	25.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

 $^{(3) \} Includes \ both \ filing \ and \ non-filing \ units \ but \ excludes \ those \ that \ are \ dependents \ of \ other \ tax \ units.$

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁵⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	57.7	*	5.0	1.9	-353	81.0	-1.4	-2.2	-5.4	-12.0
10-20	67.8	*	4.7	7.5	-761	100.2	-5.3	-7.9	-5.0	-9.9
20-30	92.8	*	4.9	10.7	-1,211	-117.3	-4.0	-0.8	-4.7	-0.7
30-40	96.9	0.1	4.5	9.7	-1,420	-34.0	0.1	9.9	-4.0	7.7
40-50	98.1	0.0	4.7	8.2	-1,802	-24.3	1.8	13.5	-3.9	12.2
50-75	99.3	0.0	5.7	17.3	-2,851	-23.3	4.3	29.8	-4.6	15.0
75-100	99.3	*	7.0	11.8	-4,767	-23.9	2.7	19.6	-5.4	17.2
100-200	99.6	0.0	6.7	11.0	-6,641	-19.9	4.2	23.1	-5.0	20.2
200-500	100.0	0.0	11.3	6.5	-23,927	-31.5	0.3	7.4	-8.3	18.2
500-1,000	100.0	0.0	16.6	3.5	-80,284	-41.8	-0.3	2.5	-11.9	16.5
More than 1,000	100.0	0.0	33.8	11.9	-601,275	-55.7	-2.4	5.0	-21.0	16.7
All	85.9	*	6.4	100.0	-2,170	-34.4	0.0	100.0	-5.4	10.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits ³	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax Income		ax Burden	After-Tax	Average – Federal Tax	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	2,911	11.5	6,577	1.9	-436	-0.8	7,013	2.4	-6.6
10-20	5,398	21.4	15,312	8.2	-760	-2.6	16,071	10.2	-5.0
20-30	4,846	19.2	25,728	12.4	1,032	3.1	24,696	14.1	4.0
30-40	3,748	14.8	35,771	13.3	4,179	9.8	31,592	13.9	11.7
40-50	2,505	9.9	45,998	11.4	7,422	11.7	38,576	11.4	16.1
50-75	3,317	13.1	62,381	20.5	12,232	25.5	50,149	19.6	19.6
75-100	1,353	5.4	88,201	11.8	19,936	16.9	68,264	10.9	22.6
100-200	905	3.6	132,511	11.9	33,396	19.0	99,115	10.5	25.2
200-500	149	0.6	287,163	4.3	76,042	7.1	211,121	3.7	26.5
500-1,000	24	0.1	675,227	1.6	191,872	2.9	483,355	1.4	28.4
More than 1,000	11	0.0	2,859,898	3.1	1,080,095	7.3	1,779,803	2.3	37.8
All	25,256	100.0	39,986	100.0	6,311	100.0	33,675	100.0	15.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁵⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 1

Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	58.3	*	6.1	0.3	-405	62.0	-0.3	-0.5	-6.8	-17.7
10-20	79.0	*	5.9	1.4	-1,003	70.3	-1.2	-2.0	-6.5	-15.7
20-30	95.6	0.0	6.5	2.2	-1,644	-303.0	-1.2	-0.9	-6.4	-4.3
30-40	98.4	0.1	6.0	2.3	-1,928	-50.0	-0.4	1.3	-5.4	5.4
40-50	98.4	0.1	5.7	2.2	-2,237	-32.1	0.2	2.7	-4.9	10.3
50-75	99.6	*	5.6	5.2	-2,879	-24.4	1.5	9.4	-4.5	14.0
75-100	99.9	*	6.7	6.8	-4,716	-24.8	1.9	12.0	-5.3	16.0
100-200	99.9	*	9.4	22.5	-9,895	-28.4	3.9	33.0	-7.0	17.7
200-500	99.9	*	12.3	17.6	-25,919	-32.4	1.4	21.4	-8.9	18.7
500-1,000	100.0	0.0	18.0	9.7	-87,008	-41.2	-0.6	8.0	-12.5	17.9
More than 1,000	100.0	0.0	31.6	29.6	-582,101	-52.9	-5.2	15.4	-19.8	17.6
All	93.8	*	11.6	100.0	-8,205	-36.8	0.0	100.0	-8.8	15.2

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits ³	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax Income		ax Burden	After-Tax	Average – Federal Tax	
(thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	3,361	6.8	5,988	0.4	-653	-0.2	6,640	0.6	-10.9
10-20	5,658	11.5	15,525	1.9	-1,427	-0.7	16,953	2.7	-9.2
20-30	5,534	11.2	25,702	3.1	543	0.3	25,160	4.0	2.1
30-40	4,844	9.8	35,836	3.8	3,855	1.7	31,981	4.4	10.8
40-50	3,945	8.0	46,072	4.0	6,969	2.5	39,103	4.4	15.1
50-75	7,372	14.9	63,539	10.2	11,781	7.9	51,758	10.9	18.5
75-100	5,840	11.8	89,617	11.4	19,060	10.1	70,557	11.8	21.3
100-200	9,226	18.7	140,522	28.2	34,805	29.1	105,716	27.9	24.8
200-500	2,749	5.6	290,144	17.4	80,124	20.0	210,020	16.5	27.6
500-1,000	450	0.9	695,662	6.8	211,296	8.6	484,367	6.2	30.4
More than 1,000	206	0.4	2,943,211	13.2	1,101,078	20.6	1,842,133	10.9	37.4
All	49,418	100.0	93,026	100.0	22,303	100.0	70,722	100.0	24.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
- $\underline{\text{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm}}$
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

Table T11-0168 TPC Interpretation of Governor Tim Pawlenty's Tax Proposal Outline Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Percent Change in	Share of Total Federal Tax	Average Feder	Average Federal Tax Change		deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁴	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	17.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	-17	-28.1	0.0	0.1	-0.3	0.6
10-20	26.2	*	0.3	0.2	-48	-32.1	0.1	0.4	-0.3	0.7
20-30	60.5	0.3	1.1	0.5	-279	-36.6	0.2	1.0	-1.1	1.9
30-40	84.6	0.5	2.4	1.1	-825	-39.4	0.4	1.9	-2.3	3.5
40-50	89.5	0.5	2.9	1.3	-1,236	-37.5	0.6	2.3	-2.7	4.4
50-75	98.0	0.2	5.8	6.1	-3,208	-42.5	1.5	9.0	-5.1	6.9
75-100	99.6	0.0	8.0	6.6	-5,965	-42.3	1.7	9.9	-6.7	9.2
100-200	99.8	0.0	12.5	19.2	-13,750	-46.4	2.7	24.3	-9.8	11.4
200-500	99.9	0.1	18.9	19.3	-41,456	-51.9	0.2	19.6	-13.9	12.9
500-1,000	99.9	0.0	26.0	10.9	-125,670	-58.7	-1.3	8.4	-18.0	12.7
More than 1,000	100.0	*	39.5	34.9	-744,433	-62.3	-6.1	23.2	-24.2	14.6
All	68.0	0.2	13.1	100.0	-7,465	-52.3	0.0	100.0	-10.5	9.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ²	Tax Units ³		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income ⁴		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	3,030	8.2	6,762	0.8	60	0.0	6,702	1.0	0.9
10-20	8,603	23.2	15,150	5.0	150	0.2	14,999	6.1	1.0
20-30	4,956	13.4	25,187	4.7	762	0.7	24,425	5.8	3.0
30-40	3,838	10.4	35,853	5.2	2,093	1.5	33,760	6.2	5.8
40-50	2,823	7.6	46,514	5.0	3,301	1.8	43,213	5.8	7.1
50-75	5,216	14.1	63,113	12.5	7,541	7.4	55,571	13.8	12.0
75-100	3,053	8.2	88,974	10.3	14,117	8.2	74,857	10.9	15.9
100-200	3,858	10.4	139,885	20.5	29,636	21.6	110,249	20.2	21.2
200-500	1,285	3.5	298,833	14.6	79,844	19.4	218,990	13.4	26.7
500-1,000	239	0.7	698,342	6.4	213,998	9.7	484,344	5.5	30.6
More than 1,000	130	0.4	3,081,067	15.2	1,195,081	29.3	1,885,985	11.6	38.8
All	37,068	100.0	71,055	100.0	14,265	100.0	56,790	100.0	20.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would make 2011 tax law permanent and would also: (a) repeal individual alternative minimum tax; (b) impose rate of 10 percent on first \$50,000 of taxable income (\$100,000 for married couples filing a joint return) and 25 percent on amounts above that threshold, indexed for inflation after 2011; (c) exclude interest income, dividends, and gains from sales of capital assets from gross income; (d) repeal deduction for investment interest; (e) repeal 3.8 percent additional Medicare tax on investment income; (f) impose an alternative tax rate of 15 percent on sole proprietor, farm, partnership, S corporation, and rental income; (g) repeal the estate tax; and (h) reduce the corporate tax rate to 15 percent. Governor Pawlenty has not specified which corporate tax expenditures he would eliminate; our estimates assume the same base broadeners as in the Bipartisan Policy Center's tax reform proposal (Rivlin/Domenici). Effective date: 01/01/13.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

 $\underline{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm}$

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁵⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.