

Table T16-0059
Effective Marginal Individual Income Tax Rates (EMTR) On Capital Income
Under Current Law and Senator Sanders's Tax Proposals
By Expanded Cash Income Level, 2017¹

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Tax Units (thousands)	Long-term Capital Gains			Qualified Dividends			Interest Income		
		Current Law	Sanders Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)	Current Law	Sanders Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)	Current Law	Sanders Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)
Less than 10	14,725	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0
10-20	25,414	1.1	1.8	0.7	0.6	1.3	0.8	4.3	5.8	1.5
20-30	22,395	0.4	2.1	1.7	0.1	1.4	1.3	3.0	4.3	1.3
30-40	16,134	1.8	3.7	1.9	1.1	2.6	1.6	6.6	10.6	4.0
40-50	13,207	2.1	4.3	2.3	1.6	5.0	3.3	10.1	14.4	4.3
50-75	24,054	6.0	10.1	4.0	7.7	12.2	4.5	18.4	22.8	4.3
75-100	16,257	9.4	11.5	2.2	10.7	13.6	3.0	21.4	24.1	2.8
100-200	27,725	11.1	13.8	2.7	12.6	15.4	2.8	23.4	25.9	2.5
200-500	10,572	16.3	25.5	9.2	19.2	29.9	10.7	31.2	37.8	6.6
500-1,000	1,332	22.2	49.4	27.1	23.4	51.1	27.7	36.9	51.3	14.4
More than 1,000	727	24.0	60.0	36.1	24.0	59.9	35.9	37.6	56.5	18.9
All	173,829	20.7	48.5	27.8	18.8	40.3	21.5	27.4	37.3	9.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-4).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law (including provisions in the Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes Act of 2015 and the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2016). We calculate effective marginal tax rates by adding \$1,000 to the income source and recomputing tax liability. Our computation includes the impact of the alternative minimum tax and the phase-in and phase-out of credits and other tax provisions. We assume that the increase in income does not change the reported amount of any deductions, exclusions, or other forms of income. Effective marginal tax rates are weighted by the appropriate income source. For a description of the Sanders proposal, see TPC's "An Analysis of Senator Bernie Sanders's Tax Proposals."

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>