

**Table T07-0240**  
**Unified Tax Plan B Against Tax Cuts Extended With AMT Indexed Baseline**  
**Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2013<sup>1</sup>**

Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Percent of Tax Units <sup>4</sup>		Percent Change in After-Tax Income <sup>5</sup>	Share of Total Federal Tax Change	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate <sup>6</sup>	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase			Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	30.4	8.0	4.0	-13.4	-407	-103.8	-0.5	0.0	-3.9	-0.1
Second Quintile	24.8	45.9	0.2	-1.8	-54	-2.5	-0.1	2.3	-0.2	7.9
Middle Quintile	11.0	75.2	-0.8	10.1	303	4.4	0.1	8.0	0.7	15.6
Fourth Quintile	35.7	61.8	-0.5	10.1	303	1.9	-0.3	17.7	0.4	19.8
Top Quintile	65.1	34.4	-1.5	94.1	2,815	4.5	0.8	71.9	1.1	26.0
All	33.4	45.0	-0.9	100.0	598	3.4	0.0	100.0	0.7	22.0
<b>Addendum</b>										
Top 10 Percent	65.5	34.1	-2.1	98.0	5,863	6.1	1.4	56.6	1.6	27.6
Top 5 Percent	60.4	39.3	-2.9	99.5	11,899	7.9	1.9	44.6	2.1	29.0
Top 1 Percent	37.4	62.1	-5.9	107.4	64,225	14.7	2.7	27.6	4.2	32.7
Top 0.5 Percent	27.1	72.4	-7.3	104.2	124,609	17.8	2.8	22.8	5.2	34.4
Top 0.1 Percent	15.1	84.6	-10.0	79.4	474,785	22.3	2.2	14.4	6.9	37.7

**Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes**  
**by Cash Income Percentile, 2013<sup>1</sup>**

Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units <sup>4</sup>		Average Income (Dollars)	Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars)	Average After-Tax Income <sup>5</sup> (Dollars)	Average Federal Tax Rate <sup>6</sup>	Share of Pre-Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes	
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total					Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	
Lowest Quintile	31,526.0	19.6	10,485.0	392.0	10,093	3.7	2.5	3.1	0.4	
Second Quintile	32,117.0	20.0	26,260.0	2,139.0	24,121	8.2	6.4	7.4	2.4	
Middle Quintile	32,107.0	20.0	46,266.0	6,935.0	39,331	15.0	11.2	12.1	7.9	
Fourth Quintile	32,113.0	20.0	80,719.0	15,716.0	65,003	19.5	19.6	20.0	18.0	
Top Quintile	32,114.0	20.0	250,369.0	62,257.0	188,112	24.9	60.7	57.9	71.1	
All	160,566.0	100.0	82,486.0	17,512.0	64,973	21.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	
<b>Addendum</b>										
Top 10 Percent	16,057.0	10.0	371,297.0	96,556.0	274,741	26.0	45.0	42.3	55.1	
Top 5 Percent	8,030.0	5.0	556,986.0	149,773.0	407,214	26.9	33.8	31.3	42.8	
Top 1 Percent	1,606.0	1.0	1,527,789.0	435,741.0	1,092,048	28.5	18.5	16.8	24.9	
Top 0.5 Percent	803.0	0.5	2,401,129.0	700,929.0	1,700,200	29.2	14.6	13.1	20.0	
Top 0.1 Percent	161.0	0.1	6,893,747.0	2,126,795.0	4,766,952	30.9	8.4	7.3	12.1	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 1006-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2 Proposal: 0.0

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is tax cuts extended with the AMT exemption levels set to their 2006 values and indexed for inflation. Additionally, the baseline assumes that the education credit, elderly care and dependent care credit can be counted against AMT liability. In the proposal, capital gains and dividends are taxed as ordinary income. There is a 50 percent exclusion on capital gains that is capped at \$50,000 and indexed for inflation to 2008 dollars. Income tax rates and brackets are changed so that for married taxpayers filing jointly, the first \$75,000 is taxed at 15 percent, \$75,000-\$250,000 at 25 percent, and over \$250,000 at 35 percent (indexed to 2006 dollars). Brackets for other types of filers are adjusted proportionally. The AMT is eliminated. The ceiling on the social security tax is eliminated for employers (this does not include self-employment income). The EITC has a bracket for taxpayers with 3 or more children that uses the same ranges and values as the bracket for taxpayers with 2 children except that its phase-in rate is 45 percent. For childless EITC recipients, the phase in rate is 20 percent, the phase out rate is doubled to 15.3 percent, the lower bound of the plateau is increased. The Child Tax Credit is made fully refundable and indexed to inflation in 2006 dollars. The estate tax is adjusted to have a \$2.5 million exemption and a 45 percent rate.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) For the income levels at each quintile and the top income percentiles used in this table, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/percentiles.cfm>

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.