

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2011¹
Summary Table

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | | Change (%) Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| Second Quintile | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | -1 | 0.0 | 11.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 4.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 34.4 | -13 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 6.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 53.6 | -24 | 0.0 | 21.1 |
| Top Quintile | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | -4 | 0.0 | 27.7 |
| All | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -8 | 0.0 | 22.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.8 | -8 | 0.0 | 23.9 |
| 90-95 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 27.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 32.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 35.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 16.6

Proposal: 16.8

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see <http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$17,709, 40% \$34,668, 60% \$63,846, 80% \$104,388, 90% \$167,146, 95% \$210,251, 99% \$555,037, 99.9% \$2,351,648.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2011¹
Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| Second Quintile | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | -1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 11.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 4.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 34.4 | -13 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 10.2 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 6.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 53.6 | -24 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 18.3 | 0.0 | 21.1 |
| Top Quintile | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | -4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 66.6 | 0.0 | 27.7 |
| All | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -8 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 22.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.8 | -8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.9 | 0.0 | 23.9 |
| 90-95 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.7 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.4 | 0.0 | 27.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 24.6 | 0.0 | 32.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 35.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre-Tax Income | Share of Post-Tax Income | Share of Federal Taxes | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 37,292 | 24.0 | 10,481 | 487 | 9,993 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 0.7 | |
| Second Quintile | 34,806 | 22.4 | 26,186 | 2,941 | 23,245 | 11.2 | 8.2 | 9.4 | 4.0 | |
| Middle Quintile | 31,498 | 20.3 | 48,373 | 8,317 | 40,056 | 17.2 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 10.3 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 26,231 | 16.9 | 84,329 | 17,838 | 66,491 | 21.2 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 18.3 | |
| Top Quintile | 22,974 | 14.8 | 267,017 | 74,046 | 192,971 | 27.7 | 55.1 | 51.7 | 66.6 | |
| All | 155,368 | 100.0 | 71,667 | 16,449 | 55,218 | 23.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 11,625 | 7.5 | 136,507 | 32,666 | 103,841 | 23.9 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 14.9 | |
| 90-95 | 5,563 | 3.6 | 191,223 | 49,251 | 141,971 | 25.8 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 10.7 | |
| 95-99 | 4,611 | 3.0 | 333,276 | 91,067 | 242,209 | 27.3 | 13.8 | 13.0 | 16.4 | |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,175 | 0.8 | 1,657,137 | 534,066 | 1,123,071 | 32.2 | 17.5 | 15.4 | 24.6 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 119 | 0.1 | 7,672,765 | 2,714,591 | 4,958,174 | 35.4 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 12.6 | |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 16.6 Proposal: 16.8

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$17,709, 40% \$34,668, 60% \$63,846, 80% \$104,388, 90% \$167,146, 95% \$210,251, 99% \$555,037, 99.9% \$2,351,648.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Second Quintile | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.8 | -4 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 9.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 42.6 | -16 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 8.5 | 0.0 | 16.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 5.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 45.7 | -18 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 17.1 | 0.0 | 20.1 |
| Top Quintile | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 71.1 | 0.0 | 27.6 |
| All | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -8 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 22.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 24.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 25.3 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 27.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.7 | 0.0 | 32.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 35.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre-Tax Income | Share of Post-Tax Income | Share of Federal Taxes | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 30,760 | 19.8 | 9,877 | 122 | 9,755 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 0.2 | |
| Second Quintile | 32,347 | 20.8 | 23,756 | 2,336 | 21,420 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 3.0 | |
| Middle Quintile | 31,060 | 20.0 | 42,993 | 7,010 | 35,983 | 16.3 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 8.5 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 29,561 | 19.0 | 73,609 | 14,830 | 58,778 | 20.2 | 19.5 | 20.3 | 17.2 | |
| Top Quintile | 29,073 | 18.7 | 226,631 | 62,467 | 164,164 | 27.6 | 59.2 | 55.6 | 71.1 | |
| All | 155,368 | 100.0 | 71,667 | 16,449 | 55,218 | 23.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 14,540 | 9.4 | 115,046 | 27,707 | 87,340 | 24.1 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 15.8 | |
| 90-95 | 7,282 | 4.7 | 165,470 | 41,820 | 123,651 | 25.3 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 11.9 | |
| 95-99 | 5,823 | 3.8 | 286,103 | 77,646 | 208,457 | 27.1 | 15.0 | 14.2 | 17.7 | |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,428 | 0.9 | 1,431,804 | 459,674 | 972,130 | 32.1 | 18.4 | 16.2 | 25.7 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 142 | 0.1 | 6,683,662 | 2,357,235 | 4,326,427 | 35.3 | 8.5 | 7.2 | 13.1 | |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 16.6 Proposal: 16.8

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$11,939, 40% \$23,027, 60% \$39,580, 80% \$66,854, 90% \$96,556, 95% \$135,474, 99% \$347,747, 99.9% \$1,413,195.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 7.2 |
| Second Quintile | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 11.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 59.2 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.7 | 0.0 | 17.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.6 | 0.0 | 21.2 |
| Top Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 60.9 | 0.0 | 28.3 |
| All | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 22.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.6 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 0.0 | 25.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.5 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.9 | 0.0 | 34.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 38.6 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After- Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre- Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Post- Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Federal Taxes Percent of Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | | | |
| Lowest Quintile | 16,453 | 24.2 | 7,653 | 548 | 7,105 | 7.2 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 1.5 |
| Second Quintile | 15,785 | 23.3 | 18,188 | 2,041 | 16,147 | 11.2 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 5.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 14,027 | 20.7 | 31,881 | 5,597 | 26,283 | 17.6 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 12.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,881 | 16.0 | 52,390 | 11,110 | 41,280 | 21.2 | 20.8 | 21.1 | 19.6 |
| Top Quintile | 9,172 | 13.5 | 144,769 | 41,017 | 103,752 | 28.3 | 48.4 | 44.7 | 60.9 |
| All | 67,885 | 100.0 | 40,448 | 9,101 | 31,347 | 22.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 5,247 | 7.7 | 81,466 | 20,462 | 61,004 | 25.1 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 17.4 |
| 90-95 | 1,793 | 2.6 | 114,230 | 29,432 | 84,797 | 25.8 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 8.5 |
| 95-99 | 1,749 | 2.6 | 195,211 | 53,124 | 142,087 | 27.2 | 12.4 | 11.7 | 15.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 383 | 0.6 | 924,978 | 321,685 | 603,294 | 34.8 | 12.9 | 10.9 | 19.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 34 | 0.1 | 4,473,332 | 1,728,410 | 2,744,922 | 38.6 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 9.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

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(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| Second Quintile | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | -3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 9.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 5.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.6 | -20 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 15.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 7.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 58.3 | -24 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 19.4 |
| Top Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 77.6 | 0.0 | 27.4 |
| All | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 24.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.6 | 0.0 | 23.7 |
| 90-95 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.7 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.5 | 0.0 | 31.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.4 | 0.0 | 34.6 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre-Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Post-Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Federal Taxes Percent of Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | | | |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,220 | 10.2 | 12,978 | 254 | 12,724 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 0.1 |
| Second Quintile | 8,746 | 14.4 | 30,404 | 3,004 | 27,400 | 9.9 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 1.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 11,392 | 18.7 | 55,534 | 8,400 | 47,133 | 15.1 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 5.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,301 | 25.2 | 89,245 | 17,370 | 71,875 | 19.5 | 18.8 | 19.9 | 15.2 |
| Top Quintile | 18,311 | 30.1 | 270,238 | 73,941 | 196,298 | 27.4 | 68.1 | 65.1 | 77.5 |
| All | 60,792 | 100.0 | 119,608 | 28,721 | 90,887 | 24.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 8,308 | 13.7 | 138,140 | 32,723 | 105,418 | 23.7 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 15.6 |
| 90-95 | 5,185 | 8.5 | 184,120 | 46,350 | 137,770 | 25.2 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 13.8 |
| 95-99 | 3,832 | 6.3 | 329,973 | 89,819 | 240,153 | 27.2 | 17.4 | 16.7 | 19.7 |
| Top 1 Percent | 986 | 1.6 | 1,603,838 | 504,561 | 1,099,278 | 31.5 | 21.8 | 19.6 | 28.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 100 | 0.2 | 7,292,608 | 2,524,969 | 4,767,639 | 34.6 | 10.0 | 8.6 | 14.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

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(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
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Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -5.1 | 0.0 | -7.5 |
| Second Quintile | 5.7 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 17.4 | -12 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 10.9 | 0.0 | 7.4 |
| Middle Quintile | 16.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 49.3 | -51 | -0.7 | -0.1 | 27.3 | -0.1 | 16.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 31.3 | -59 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 30.7 | -0.1 | 21.2 |
| Top Quintile | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 36.1 | 0.0 | 26.0 |
| All | 7.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -21 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 15.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -14 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 12.4 | 0.0 | 23.9 |
| 90-95 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 0.0 | 24.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 32.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 34.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After- Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre- Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Post- Tax Income Percent of Total | Share of Federal Taxes Percent of Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | | | |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,828 | 32.4 | 12,145 | -907 | 13,052 | -7.5 | 10.2 | 13.0 | -5.1 |
| Second Quintile | 7,381 | 30.5 | 27,927 | 2,083 | 25,844 | 7.5 | 22.2 | 24.2 | 10.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,991 | 20.6 | 46,364 | 7,715 | 38,649 | 16.6 | 24.9 | 24.5 | 27.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,741 | 11.3 | 74,093 | 15,733 | 58,360 | 21.2 | 21.9 | 20.3 | 30.7 |
| Top Quintile | 1,111 | 4.6 | 175,378 | 45,585 | 129,793 | 26.0 | 21.0 | 18.3 | 36.0 |
| All | 24,178 | 100.0 | 38,406 | 5,818 | 32,588 | 15.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 682 | 2.8 | 106,498 | 25,417 | 81,080 | 23.9 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 12.3 |
| 90-95 | 241 | 1.0 | 155,730 | 39,258 | 116,472 | 25.2 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 6.7 |
| 95-99 | 155 | 0.6 | 269,959 | 65,464 | 204,495 | 24.3 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 7.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 32 | 0.1 | 1,323,451 | 423,592 | 899,859 | 32.0 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 9.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 6,199,747 | 2,164,681 | 4,035,067 | 34.9 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 4.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$11,939, 40% \$23,027, 60% \$39,580, 80% \$66,854, 90% \$96,556, 95% \$135,474, 99% \$347,747, 99.9% \$1,413,195.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.1 | 0.0 | -8.5 |
| Second Quintile | 5.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.7 | -11 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 14.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 42.5 | -48 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 10.0 | -0.1 | 17.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 16.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 46.0 | -53 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 19.6 | -0.1 | 21.4 |
| Top Quintile | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 68.7 | 0.0 | 28.5 |
| All | 7.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -23 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 23.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | -4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.8 | 0.0 | 25.9 |
| 95-99 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.0 | 0.0 | 28.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 23.3 | 0.0 | 33.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.5 | 0.0 | 35.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre-Tax Income | Share of Post-Tax Income | Share of Federal Taxes | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 10,146 | 20.8 | 13,131 | -1,114 | 14,245 | -8.5 | 3.0 | 4.3 | -1.1 | |
| Second Quintile | 10,182 | 20.8 | 31,660 | 2,623 | 29,038 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 2.6 | |
| Middle Quintile | 10,047 | 20.5 | 58,167 | 10,187 | 47,980 | 17.5 | 13.2 | 14.2 | 10.0 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 9,721 | 19.9 | 96,287 | 20,644 | 75,644 | 21.4 | 21.2 | 21.6 | 19.7 | |
| Top Quintile | 8,416 | 17.2 | 292,032 | 83,212 | 208,819 | 28.5 | 55.6 | 51.7 | 68.7 | |
| All | 48,902 | 100.0 | 90,398 | 20,862 | 69,536 | 23.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 4,474 | 9.2 | 160,074 | 40,308 | 119,766 | 25.2 | 16.2 | 15.8 | 17.7 | |
| 90-95 | 2,031 | 4.2 | 208,849 | 54,074 | 154,775 | 25.9 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 10.8 | |
| 95-99 | 1,536 | 3.1 | 396,436 | 112,757 | 283,678 | 28.4 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 17.0 | |
| Top 1 Percent | 376 | 0.8 | 1,884,947 | 630,411 | 1,254,536 | 33.4 | 16.0 | 13.9 | 23.2 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 36 | 0.1 | 9,014,245 | 3,224,083 | 5,790,162 | 35.8 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 11.4 | |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$11,939, 40% \$23,027, 60% \$39,580, 80% \$66,854, 90% \$96,556, 95% \$135,474, 99% \$347,747, 99.9% \$1,413,195.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0014
Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: Increase Phaseout Threshold to \$85,000
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁵ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 3.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 54.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 34.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 12.0 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 84.1 | 0.0 | 26.2 |
| All | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 19.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.1 | 0.0 | 18.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.4 | 0.0 | 21.3 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.9 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 40.7 | 0.0 | 32.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.6 | 0.0 | 36.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2011¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | Share of Pre-Tax Income | Share of Post-Tax Income | Share of Federal Taxes | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | | | | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | |
| Lowest Quintile | 4,348 | 14.7 | 9,801 | 227 | 9,574 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 0.2 | |
| Second Quintile | 7,946 | 26.8 | 20,388 | 781 | 19,607 | 3.8 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 1.5 | |
| Middle Quintile | 6,155 | 20.7 | 38,029 | 2,380 | 35,649 | 6.3 | 10.9 | 12.7 | 3.5 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 5,447 | 18.4 | 67,549 | 8,130 | 59,419 | 12.0 | 17.2 | 18.7 | 10.6 | |
| Top Quintile | 5,552 | 18.7 | 241,246 | 63,219 | 178,028 | 26.2 | 62.5 | 57.2 | 84.1 | |
| All | 29,671 | 100.0 | 72,264 | 14,068 | 58,196 | 19.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 2,283 | 7.7 | 101,663 | 18,500 | 83,163 | 18.2 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.1 | |
| 90-95 | 1,440 | 4.9 | 154,504 | 32,891 | 121,613 | 21.3 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 11.4 | |
| 95-99 | 1,410 | 4.8 | 256,863 | 64,775 | 192,087 | 25.2 | 16.9 | 15.7 | 21.9 | |
| Top 1 Percent | 418 | 1.4 | 1,249,575 | 406,621 | 842,955 | 32.5 | 24.4 | 20.4 | 40.7 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 41 | 0.1 | 5,802,387 | 2,092,684 | 3,709,704 | 36.1 | 11.1 | 8.8 | 20.6 | |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus the following EGTRRA extensions: increase the maximum credit rate to 35 percent; increase the eligible expenses to \$3,000 for one child and \$6,000 for two or more children; increase the start of the credit rate phasedown to \$15,000 of AGI (not indexed for inflation); and allow the credit regardless of tentative AMT. Proposal would increase the threshold at which the credit rate begins to phase down from \$15,000 to \$85,000.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

<http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm>

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$11,939, 40% \$23,027, 60% \$39,580, 80% \$66,854, 90% \$96,556, 95% \$135,474, 99% \$347,747, 99.9% \$1,413,195.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.